

GTO capacitors for power electronics devices



General characteristics

MKPP-l37 capacitors are power electronics capacitors designed to protect semiconductor devices, in particular ordinary thyristors and GTO thyristors. They can be used in DC and AC circuits with values compliant with technical data. They meet the requirements of the EN 61071 standard concerning capacitors for power electronics devices.

The design of the capacitors minimizes the parasitic inductance, and the self-healing, metallized film system improves the safety and lifetime of capacitors.

The low inductance and series resistance of the capacitors allows their use in applications in which high current pulses will flow through the capacitors. Capacitors are made in an insulating casing, capacitor winding element is encapsulated with PUR resin.

ATTENTION:

The capacitors are not equipped with a discharging device, the level of voltage and energy accumulated in capacitors is dangerous for health and human life. Be especially careful when installing, operating and servicing equipment containing these capacitors.

*) - the dimensions and parameters of the capacitors may change



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Basic technical data

Capacitance range	2 ÷ 4uF - see tab. 1 other capacitances after individual agreement					
Capacitance tolerance	J: ±5%					
Dielectric dissipation factor (tgδ₀)	0,0002					
Expected lifetime	100 000h @ 0 № +70°C do UNDC					
Minimum operating temperature θ min	-40°C					
Maximum operating temperature θ =>	+85°C					
Hottest ambient point θ is	+85°C					
Insulation resistance	Ri x C ≥ 30000s					
IEC climatic category	40/085/56					
	maximum relative humidity: 75% on averageper year,					
Humidity class	95% 30 days a year,					
	condensation is not allowed					
Maximum operating altitude	2000m above sea level					

Type and parameters of tests

7	
Electrical strength between terminals UTT	1,5UNDC, 10s
Electrical strength between terminals and casing UTC	4000V _{AG} , 60s
Endurance testing	according to EN 61071

Construction data

Construction data	
Dielectric type	metallized polypropylene with self-healing properties
Filling	without PCB, solid PUR resin
Working position	any
Type of work	continuous
Cooling	natural or forced
Protection	no internal protection
Discharging device	none
Terminals type	axial, with internal thread M8
Tightening torques	8,5 Nm
Overload, maximum allowable voltage	1,10UNDC 30% of working time in one day 1,15UNDC 30 min /d 1,20UNDC 5 min /d 1,30UNDC 1 min /d 1,50UNDC 30ms not more than 1000 times during the life time

Standards, directives, certificates

EN 61071 - Capacitors for power electronics
RoHS
REACH
UL 94



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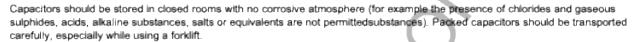
Storage and use

It is suggested not to store capacitors for more than 5 years. After 1 year of storage, it is recommended to perform initial measurement of capacitance and tgδ factor before switching on the power supply.

The polypropylene film capacitors do not require electrical formatting before use (as in the case of electrolytic capacitors).

Storage conditions to be met:

- relative humidity: on average 75% in a year
- maximum relative humidity: 95%, 30 days a year
- condensation: not allowed
- minimum storage temperature: -40 °C
- maximum storage temperature: + 85 °C



Terms and definitions

- UNDC Rated DC voltage for which the capacitor has been designed for continuous operation
- The peak value of the highest working repetitive voltage of any polarity for which the capacitor is designed for continuous operation or the peak-to-peak voltage value if it changes polarity.
- Unius RMS effective voltage value on the capacitor.
- Us Unique impact voltage. Peak value of voltage caused by switching operations or other disturbances in the system operation, with a duration shorter than the period of the basic course, the occurrence of which is allowed a limited number of times.
- CN Rated capacity measured at 20°C±5°C at 1kHz frequency and 1V voltage
- Imax Maximum effective value of the current during continuous operation.
- Maximum peak current. Maximum, repeatable peak current value that can occur during continuous operation.
- To Adamum impact current. Peak value of current caused by switching operations or other disturbances in the work of the system, with a duration shorter than the period of the basic course, the occurrence of which isacceptable in a limited number of times.
- Ru Series resistance. Resistance of capacitor current paths under specific operating conditions.
- Ls Self-Inductance. Sum of inductances of all Internal capacitor elements.
- Rth Thermal resistance, Indicates how many degrees the temperature of the capacitor rises in the hottest point due to power losses
- The temperature of the cooling air. The temperature of the cooling air measured in the hottest spot of a capacitor bank, in conditions set at half the distance between two capacitors, in the case of a single capacitor, this is the temperature measured at a point about 0.1 m away from the housing in 2/3 of the height of the capacitor, measured from the base.
- θmin The lowest operating temperature. The lowest temperature of the dielectric, at which voltage applied can be connected to the capacitor terminals.
- θmax Maximum working temperature. The highest temperature of housing at which the capacitor can work.



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Terms and definitions

 The temperature of the hottest point inside the capacitor. The temperature θ_™ can be estimated in accordance with the given formula. During operation, the temperature the cannot be exceeded. At rated load and not exceeding this temperature, the expected lifetime will be consistent with the given value with the statistical failure rate of 300FIT.

 $\theta_{hs} = \theta_{amb} + I_{max}^2 \cdot R_{esr} \cdot R_{th}$

- The equivalent series resistance of the capacitor, which in series with the capacitor of the capacity equivalent to capacitance of the considered capacitor, will cause in it a loss of power equal to the active power released in the capacitor under specific operating conditions.
- Maximum power loss. Maximum power loss allowed at maximum temperature of the capacitor housing.

$$P_{max} = \frac{\theta_{hs} - \theta_{amb}}{R_{th}}$$

U_{NDC}=2000V / U_{peak}=2400V / U_{rrs}=850V / U_s = 3500V 1)

Cn [µF]	Imax [A]	î [kA]	Ĩ≡ [kA] 1)	l ² t [A ² s]	R _s [mΩ]	L _e [nH]	R _{th} [K/W]	D±2 [mm]	Lc ±2 [mm]	LT ±1 [mm]	m [kg]	Rys.	Index
2	41	1,9	5,75	23	1,24	≤ 15	6,1	70	52	62	0,4	1	l37JA520J-A1
3	62	2,78	8,33	50	0,83	≤ 15	3,9	82	52	62	0,5	1	I37JA530J-A1
3,5	72	3,33	10,0	70	0,71	≤ 15	3,4	87	52	62	0,55	1	I37JA535J-A1
4	80	3,54	10,62	85	0,62	≤ 15	3,1	92	52	62	0,6	1	I37JA540J-A1

^{1) -} no more than 1000 times during the life time

Other capacitances and voltages are possible - according to individual arrangements



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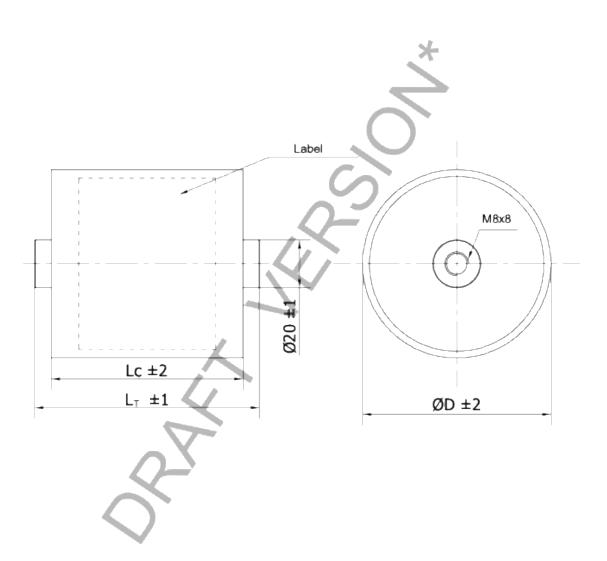






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Drawing 1





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